# JPMorgan Funds -

# **Global Focus Fund**

Class: JPM Global Focus D (acc) - EUR

## **Fund overview**

<b>ISIN</b> LU01	68343	327	4		n <b>berg</b> RVD LX	Reuters LU01683	274.L	.UF
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Investment objective: To provide superior long-term capital growth by investing primarily in an aggressively managed portfolio of large, medium and small companies globally, that the Investment Manager believes to be attractively valued and to have significant profit growth or earnings recovery potential.

#### Investment approach

- Uses a fundamental, bottom-up stock selection process.
- Investment process built on stock level analysis by a global research team.
- Uses a high-conviction approach to finding the best investment ideas with minimal constraints.

Portfolio manager(s)	Share class	Class launch
Helge Skibeli	currency EUR	23 May 2003
James Cook	Fund assets	Domicile Luxembourg
Timothy Woodhouse	EUR 8408.4m	Entry/exit charges
Fund reference	Fund launch	Entry charge (max) 5.00%
currency EUR	23 May 2003	Exit charge (max) 0.50%
	NAV EUR 73.60	Ongoing charge 2.71%

## ESG information

ESG approach - ESG Promote

Promotes environmental and / or social characteristics.

## SFDR classification: Article 8

"Article 8" strategies promote social and/or environmental characteristics, but do not have sustainable investing as a core objective.

#### Fund ratings As at 28 February 2025

Morningstar Category™ Global Large-Cap Blend Equity

## Performance

1 Class: JPM Global Focus D (acc) - EUR 2 Benchmark: MSCI World Index (Total Return Net)

Growth of EUR 100,000 Calendar years



	Cumulative					Annualised		
	1 month	3 months		YTD	3 yea		10 years	
1	-3.08	-0.72	12.35	0.23	10.96	5.30	9.04	
2	-0.76	1.66	20.31	2.34	13.08	3 15.17	10.66	

#### Performance Disclosures

Past performance is not a guide to current and future performance. The value of your investments and any income from them may fall as well as rise and you may not get back the full amount you invested.

#### ESG

For more information on our approach to sustainable investing at J.P. Morgan Asset Management please visit https://am.jpmorgan.com/lu/esg



# Portfolio analysis

Measurement	3 years	5 years
Correlation	0.95	0.94
Alpha (%)	-1.87	0.11
Beta	1.01	0.99
Annualised volatility (%)	14.37	15.62
Sharpe ratio	0.63	0.91
Tracking error (%)	4.66	5.19
Information ratio	-0.38	0.04

Regions (%)		Compared to benchmark
United States	71.0	-2.0
Europe & Middle East ex UK	19.3	+6.7
Pacific ex-Japan	2.8	+0.2
Emerging Markets	2.8	+2.8
Japan	2.4	-2.8
United Kingdom	0.0	-3.6
Canada	0.0	-3.0
Cash	1.7	+1.7

Figures shown may not add up to 100 due to rounding.

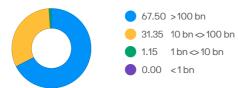
Sectors (%)		Compared to benchmark
Media	13.7	+3.4
Technology - Semi & Hardware	11.6	-3.4
Retail	9.3	+3.8
Pharm/Medtech	9.0	-0.2
Technology - Software	8.9	+0.2
Financial Services	8.1	+2.6
Industrial Cyclicals	7.4	-1.5
Banks	7.1	-0.9
Insurance	4.6	+1.1
Consumer Staples	3.9	-0.6
Others	14.7	-6.2
Cash	1.7	+1.7

Figures shown may not add up to 100 due to rounding.

# Holdings

Top 10	Sector	% of assets
Microsoft	Technology - Software	6.8
Amazon.Com	Media	6.5
Meta Platforms	Media	5.2
Nvidia	Technology - Semi Hardware	& 4.6
LVMH	Retail	3.5
TSMC	Technology - Semi Hardware	& 2.6
Munich Re	Insurance	2.5
Linde	Basic Industries	2.5
Mastercard	Financial Services	2.3
Otis Worldwide	Industrial Cyclicals	2.3

Market cap (%) (USD)



Figures shown may not add up to 100 due to rounding.

#### Key risks

The Sub-Fund is subject to **Investment risks** and **Other associated risks** from the techniques and securities it uses to seek to achieve its objective. The table on the right explains how these risks relate to each

other and the **Outcomes to the Shareholder** that could affect an investment in the Sub-Fund. Investors should also read **Risk Descriptions** in the

Prospectus for a full description of each risk.

# Investment risks Risks from the Sub-Fund's techniques and securities

<b>Techniques</b> Concentration Hedging	<b>Securities</b> Emerging markets Equities	Smaller companies

# Other associated risks Further risks the Sub-Fund is exposed to from its use of the techniques and securities above

	,		
Currency	Liquidity	Market	

#### Outcomes to the Shareholder Potential impact of the risks above

		,
Loss	Volatility	Failure to meet the
Shareholders	Shares of the Sub-	Sub-Fund's
could lose some or	Fund will fluctuate	objective.
all of their money.	in value.	

#### **General Disclosures**

Before investing, obtain and review the current prospectus, Key Information Document (KID) and any applicable local offering document. These documents, as well as the sustainability-related disclosures, the annual and semi-annual reports and the articles of incorporation, are available in English free from your financial adviser, your J.P. Morgan Asset Management regional contact, the fund's issuer (see below) or at <u>www.jpmam.lu</u>. A summary of investor rights is available in English at

<u>https://am.jpmorgan.com/lu/investor-rights</u>. J.P. Morgan Asset Management may decide to terminate the arrangements made for the marketing of its collective investment undertakings.

This material should not be considered as advice or an investment recommendation. Fund holdings and performance are likely to have changed since the report date.

To the extent permitted by applicable law, we may record telephone calls and monitor electronic communications to comply with our legal and regulatory obligations and internal policies. Personal data will be collected, stored and processed by J.P. Morgan Asset Management in accordance with our EMEA Privacy Policy www.jpmorgan.com/emea-privacy-policy

For additional information on the sub-fund's target market please refer to the Prospectus.

Risk Indicator - The risk indicator assumes you keep the product for 5 year(s). The risk of the product may be significantly higher if held for less than the recommended holding period.

The ongoing charge is the charge used in the EU PRIIPs KID. This charge represents the total cost of managing and operating the fund, including management fees, administrative costs, and other expenses (excluding transaction costs). The breakdown of costs are the max as detailed in the fund's prospectus. For more detailed information, please refer to the fund's prospectus and the PRIIPs KID available on our website.

#### Performance information

Source: J.P. Morgan Asset Management. Share class performance is shown based on the NAV (net asset value) of the share class with income (gross) reinvested including actual ongoing charges excluding any entry and exit fees.

The return of your investment may change as a result of currency fluctuations if your investment is made in a currency other than that used in the past performance calculation.

Indices do not include fees or operating expenses and you cannot invest in them.

The benchmark is for comparative purposes only unless specifically referenced in the Sub-Funds' Investment Objective and Policy.

#### Holdings information

Market Cap excludes cash.

#### Information Sources

Fund information, including performance calculations and other data, is provided by J.P. Morgan Asset Management (the marketing name for the asset management businesses of JPMorgan Chase & Co. and its affiliates worldwide).

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#### lssuer

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#### Definitions

**NAV** Net Asset Value of a fund's assets less its liabilities per Share. **Correlation** measures the strength and direction of the relationship between movements in fund and benchmark returns. A correlation of 1.00 indicates that fund and benchmark returns move in lockstep in the same direction.

Alpha (%) a measure of excess return generated by a manager compared to the benchmark. An alpha of 1.00 indicates that a fund has outperformed its benchmark by 1%.

Beta measures a fund's sensitivity to market movements (as represented by the fund's benchmark). A beta of 1.10 suggests the fund could perform 10% better than the benchmark in up markets and 10% worse in down markets, assuming all other factors remain constant. Usually the higher betas represent riskier investments. Annualised volatility (%) measures the extent to which returns vary up and down over a given period.

Sharpe ratio performance of an investment adjusting for the amount of risk taken (compared a risk-free investment). The higher the Sharpe ratio the better the returns compared to the risk taken. Tracking error (%) measures how much a fund's returns deviate from those of the benchmark. The lower the number the closer the fund's historic performance has followed its benchmark. Information ratio measures if a manager is outperforming or underperforming the benchmark and accounts for the risk taken to achieve the returns. A manager who outperforms a benchmark by 2% p.a. will have a higher IR than a manager with the same outperformance but who takes more risk.