

30/09/2025 | MONTHLY REPORT | SHARE CLASS S (H2-AUD)

Allianz Enhanced Short Term Euro

Investment team

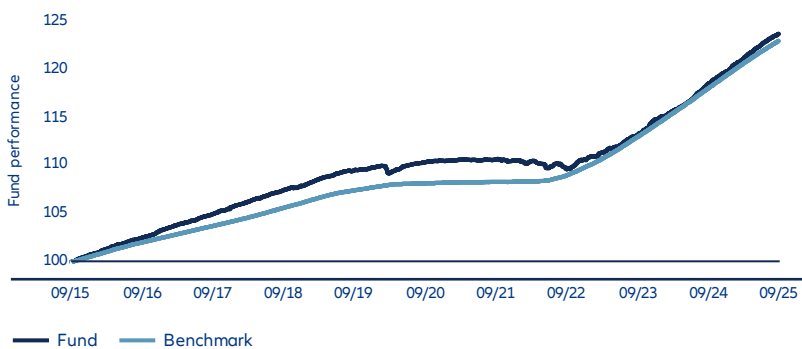


Lars Dahlhoff
(since 01/12/2012)

Investment objective

The fund aims at generating an above average return with regard to the euro money market. The fund promotes investments that take into consideration environmental, social and corporate governance criteria. To generate additional income the fund can take on exposure to bonds and foreign currencies or corresponding derivatives, even if it does not hold any assets denominated in the currencies concerned.

Performance (basis AUD, net of fees)⁶



Period (annual)	% Fund	% BM	Period	% Fund	% BM
30/09/15 - 30/09/16	2.52	2.03	1 month	0.27	0.31
30/09/16 - 30/09/17	2.39	1.65	3 months	0.95	0.94
30/09/17 - 30/09/18	2.32	1.79	6 months	2.10	1.95
30/09/18 - 30/09/19	1.91	1.71	1 year	4.37	4.18
30/09/19 - 30/09/20	0.76	0.67	3 years	12.74	12.74
30/09/20 - 30/09/21	0.28	0.13	3 years p.a.	4.08	4.08
30/09/21 - 30/09/22	-0.92	0.64	5 years	12.01	13.60
30/09/22 - 30/09/23	3.20	3.61	5 years p.a.	2.30	2.58
30/09/23 - 30/09/24	4.66	4.44	10 years	23.54	22.81
30/09/24 - 30/09/25	4.37	4.18			

In %	YTD	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Fund	3.27	4.31	3.69	0.11	0.04	0.61	1.78	2.09	2.35	2.45	2.38
Benchmark	3.03	4.50	3.94	1.35	0.10	0.45	1.52	1.87	1.65	1.91	2.25

Past performance does not predict future returns.

RATINGS AND ACCREDITATION¹

Morningstar™
Category Other Bond

RISK INDICATOR²



FUND INFORMATION

Key facts	Details
Asset class	Fixed Income
Benchmark ³	€STR (hedged into AUD)
Fund launch date	17/04/2007
Fund currency	EUR
Fund size	276.75 M EUR
Management company	Allianz Global Investors GmbH/Luxembourg
Investment manager	Allianz Global Investors GmbH
Custodian bank	State Street Bank International GmbH - Luxembourg Branch
Domicile	Luxembourg
Financial year end	31/12

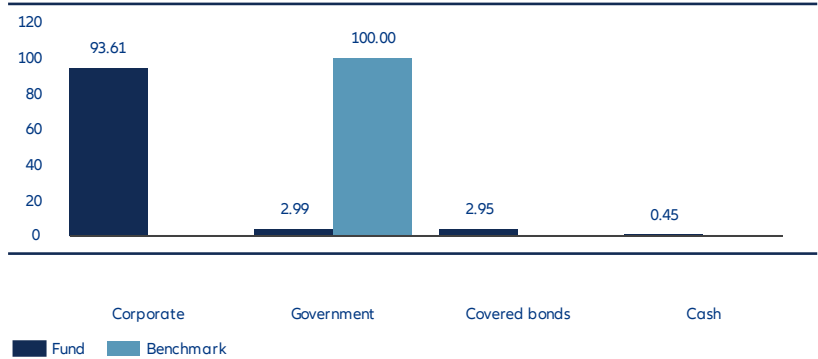
Share class data	Details
Share class launch date	07/10/2011
Share class currency	AUD
Share class size	1.91 M AUD
Use of income	Distributing
Dealing frequency	Daily

Fees and purchase details	Details
Front end load (%) ⁴	2.00 (max 7.00)
All-in fee (%) p.a. ⁴	0.25 (max 0.45)
TER (%) ⁵	0.30

Other details	Details
ISIN	LU0678493700
WKN	A1JKKY
Bloomberg	AGEMH2A LX
Distribution countries	AT, CH, DE, FI, FR, GR, LU, MO, NL, PL, SK

Fund data	Values	Key figures	3Y	5Y
Eff. duration incl. cash & deriv. ⁷	0.63	Alpha (%) ¹⁰	0.00	-0.29
Yield to maturity incl. cash & ⁸ deriv. (%)	2.42	Tracking error (%) ¹¹	0.36	0.50
Yield to worst incl. cash & deriv. ⁹ (%)	2.41	Information ratio ¹²	0.00	-0.57
Credit spread duration	1.06	Volatility (%) ¹³	0.39	0.78
OAS (bps)	43.35	Sharpe ratio ¹⁴	-2.18	-1.23
Average rating	A	Beta	1.08	1.12
Duration times spread	0.49	Max. drawdown (%)	0.00	-0.92
Number of bonds	77			
IG exposure (%)	98.94			
Coupon (%)	1.85			

Asset breakdown



Top Regions¹⁵

Top Regions	% Fund weight
EMU	51.37
America	21.12
Non EMU	19.61

Country/location allocation¹⁵

Country/location	% Fund weight
Germany	27.12
USA	12.51
France	11.03
Canada	8.33
United Kingdom	7.28
Italy	5.36
Spain	4.96
Sweden	3.86
Others	19.10
Cash	0.45

ESG TRANSPARENCY

SFDR classification¹⁶ **8** **9**

EXTERNAL FUND RATINGS¹⁷

MSCI¹⁸ **CCC** **B** **BB** **BBB** **A** **AA** **AAA**
ESG Rating

Morningstar¹⁹ **ESG Risk Rating™**
 As of 31/07/2025

ESG FUND OVERVIEW

Consideration of principal adverse impacts PAI's applied : ☒ Yes ☐ No

Proportion of sustainable investments

Fund **13.92%**

Proportion of Taxonomy-aligned investments

Percentage aligned with EU taxonomy **8.50%**
 Eligible NAV is defined as the portion of NAV for which data could be available, it excludes derivatives, and target funds.

Proprietary Sustainability Score ¹⁸	Fund
Holding-weighted average (0-4)	2.9
Environmental	2.5
Social	2.4
Governance	3.1
Business behaviour	2.1

CLIMATE

Carbon footprint **13.16** **n/a**
 tCO₂e / mio EUR invested Fund Benchmark

Weighted average carbon intensity **27.73** **n/a**
 tCO₂e / mio EUR sales Fund Benchmark

ENGAGEMENT

Companies engaged by topic (last 12 months)

Corporate governance	12
Environment risks impacts	10
Strategy business model	5
Social risks impacts	5
Transparency and disclosure	4
Risk management	2
Business conduct and culture	2
Collaborative engagement	2
Capital management	1
Audit accounting	1

Currency denomination allocation¹⁵

Before hedging	% Fund weight
EUR	100.29
GBP	0.20
JPY	0.07
USD	0.00
AUD	0.00
After hedging	
EUR	99.73
GBP	0.20
JPY	0.07

Rating¹⁵

Investment grade	% Fund weight	% BM weight	Relative to benchmark	% Active weight
AA	8.21	-		8.21
A	65.04	-		65.04
BBB	26.30	-		26.30
Cash & others				
Others	0.00	-		0.00
Cash	0.45	-		0.45

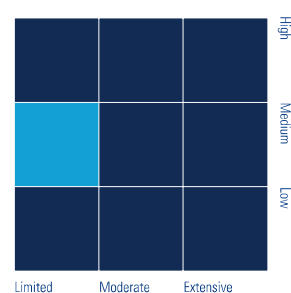
Top issuers

Issuer name	% Fund weight
Deutsche Bank AG	4.48
Hamburg Commercial Bank AG	4.35
Credit Agricole SA	4.33
Bank of Nova Scotia, The	3.62
Morgan Stanley	3.54
Australia & New Zealand Banking Group Ltd	3.26
Landesbank Baden-Württemberg	3.09
RELX Finance BV	2.85
Vonovia SE	2.83
Bayerische Landesbank	2.71

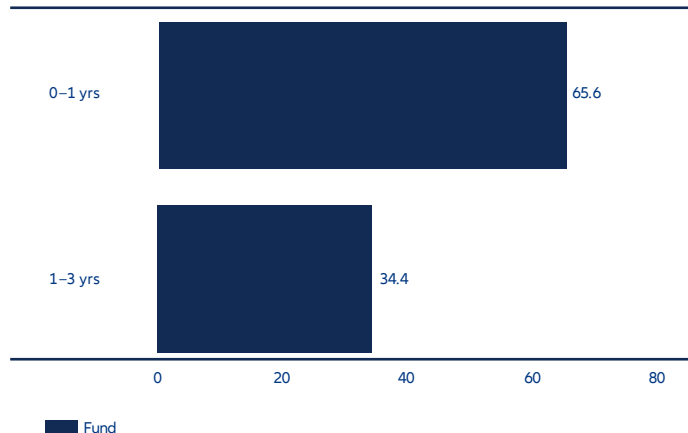
Sector allocation^{15 20}

BClass sector	% Fund weight
Corporate	86.69
Government-Related	9.91
Securitized	2.95
Others	0.00
Cash	0.45

Morningstar style box²¹



Maturity (% market value)



Subordination type allocation¹⁵

Subordination type	% Fund weight	
Senior		56.17
Senior unsecured		40.82
Lower tier 2		2.56
Others		0.00
Cash		0.45

OPPORTUNITIES AND RISKS

Opportunities

- Potential excess return over money market
- Relatively high degree of price stability
- Focus on sustainable investments
- Share classes in foreign currencies available
- Possible extra returns through single security analysis and active management

Risks

- Money market rates vary
- Short-term price declines cannot be ruled out
- Performance of share classes in foreign currencies may be weaker for euro investors
- Sustainability approach narrows the investment universe
- Success of single security analysis and active management not guaranteed

SUSTAINABILITY GLOSSARY

Carbon footprint

Carbon footprint is the sum of greenhouse gas emissions, measured in CO₂ equivalents, for a specified entity, e.g., a company, the life cycle or partial life cycle of a product, or a service. A lower carbon footprint can be achieved through the use of renewable energy and efficient use of resources. A carbon footprint of zero is said to be carbon neutral which implies either there are no greenhouse gas emissions, or any carbon causing activities are offset by environmental activities to counter tackle carbon emissions, e.g., reforestation activities.

Engagement

Engagement refers to interactions between an investor and a corporate or policy makers to improve corporate practices and disclosure of information at an industry or market level. The objective of engagement is exercising influence over a company's practices and performance (not limited to ESG issues). A company engagement dialogue generally encompasses a range of topics.

Green bonds

Green bonds are bonds where the proceeds finance dedicated projects that have measurable environmental benefits, tackling issues such as: renewable energy, energy efficiency, clean buildings, clean transportation, water and waste management. The Green Bond Principles are voluntary process guidelines that recommend transparency and disclosure and promote integrity in the development of the Green Bond market by clarifying the approach for issuance of a Green Bond.

Principal Adverse Impacts

Impacts of investment decisions that result in negative effects on sustainability factors, e.g., environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anti-corruption and anti-bribery matters (as defined in the SFDR). Since March 2021, asset managers need to disclose how they take into account Principal Adverse Impacts (PAI) in the investment process. A list of PAI indicators and metrics that are considered to have a negative impact has been defined and includes 14 indicators applicable to corporate issuers, and two applicable to sovereigns and supranationals. At AllianzGI, we have developed measures to consider PAIs in the investment process of our sustainable mutual funds.

Proportion of sustainable investments

We have developed a proprietary method for measuring sustainable investment (as defined in the SFDR). For this, we assess the positive contribution of a company to environmental or social objectives (using the SDGs or the EU taxonomy objectives as reference frameworks). We base this assessment on specific business activities. For the assessment we combine qualitative and quantitative elements using external data providers but also our own research. Moreover, we consider certain types of securities, which have been issued to finance specific projects contributing to environmental or social objectives (for instance Green Bonds). Once we have identified a positive contribution to an environmental or social objective, we assess the investee company in order to avoid overall violations – the so called “do no significant harm test”. For this we use the principal adverse impact indicators (PAI). Furthermore, we ensure that the company complies with good corporate governance standards. Only when these three criteria are fulfilled, do we count the positive contribution into our sustainable investment share of the fund. This ensures that investors can expect a detailed analysis and a robust methodology.

SFDR category

Sustainability category according to European Union Sustainable Finance Disclosure Regulation. This sustainability category depends on specific requirements as defined by the regulator. Reference regulation: Regulation (EU) 2019/2088

Taxonomy

The taxonomy is a European regulation that builds a common European classification system for environmentally sustainable activities. The taxonomy tries to answer the question: What can be considered an environmentally sustainable activity? The taxonomy defines six environmental objectives:

1. Climate change mitigation,
2. Climate change adaptation,
3. The sustainable use and protection of water and marine resources,
4. The transition to a circular economy,
5. Pollution prevention and control, and
6. The protection and restoration of biodiversity and ecosystems.

To qualify as sustainable and align with the taxonomy, an activity must make a substantial contribution to one of the six environmental objectives, do no significant harm (DNSH) to the other environmental objectives, and comply with minimum safeguards. Besides the European taxonomy, other regions and jurisdictions have also developed or are in the process of developing taxonomies.

Weighted average carbon intensity

The carbon intensity of the portfolio, determined by measuring the volume of carbon emissions per dollar of sales generated by portfolio companies (tons CO₂/USD mn owned revenue). When used in other contexts and other industries, the denominator of this fraction may be other factors, e.g., for a company in the property sector, tons CO₂/square meter of property managed.

Footnotes

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- 2) The Risk Indicator is a guide to the level of risk of this product compared to other products. It shows how likely it is that the product will lose money because of movements in the markets or because we are not able to pay you. The categorization of a product is not guaranteed and may change in the future. Even the lowest category 1 does not mean a risk-free investment
- 3) until 30/09/2021 EONIA (hedged into AUD), until 28/11/2019 AUSTRALIA BANK BILL 1 MONTH (1 MONTH MATURITY) IN AUD, until 31/05/2013 MONEY MARKET BBA LIBOR AUD SPOT RATE S/N 1 DAY (1 DAY MATURITY) IN AUD
- 4) If the acquisition of Fund units is subject to a sales charge, up to 100% of such sales charge may be collected by the distributor; the exact amount shall be mentioned by the distributor as part of the investment advisory process. This also applies to any payment by the Management Company of an ongoing distribution fee from the all-in fee to the distributor. The all-in fee includes the expenses previously called management, administration and distribution fees
- 5) Total Expense Ratio (TER): Total cost (except transaction costs) charged to the fund during the last financial year. TER for funds-of-funds: The costs incurred by the fund itself (except transaction costs). Since the fund held other investment units ("target funds") in the reporting period, further costs, charges and fees may have been incurred at the level of the target fund.
- 6) Calculated at the net asset value, excl. front-end load, distributions reinvested. Calculation according to method as defined by BVI, the German Fund Companies Association. Past performance is not a reliable indicator of future results. Any front-end loads reduce the capital employed and the performance. These figures refer to the past. If the currency of a financial product, financial service or its costs is different from your reference currency, the return and/or costs can increase or decrease as a result of currency fluctuations. Source for all data and chart (if not indicated otherwise): IDS GmbH.
- 7) Effective duration is a measure of the price sensitivity of bonds, particularly useful for bonds with embedded options. It is calculated by using the interest rate model to calculate three values for the bond: the value given the current yield curve, and the values for both up and down shocks to that curve.
- 8) Yield to maturity: The yield to maturity of a bond indicates what capital growth p.a. is theoretically possible up to maturity, if bought at the current price. In addition to coupon income, any price gains/losses up to repayment of the bond are taken into account. The yield to maturity of a fund is the weighted average of the yield to maturity of all the bonds that are held. It is assumed that the bonds are held until maturity and interest income is reinvested on the same conditions. The yield to maturity is a portfolio characteristic; in particular, it does not reflect the actual fund income. The expenses charged to the fund are not taken into account. As a result, the yield to maturity is not suitable as an indicator of the future performance of a bond fund.
- 9) Yield to worst: Represents the lowest potential yield that an investor could theoretically receive on the bond up to maturity if bought at the current price (excluding the default case of the issuer). The yield to worst is determined by making worst-case scenario assumptions, calculating the returns that would be received if worst-case scenario provisions, including prepayment, call or sinking fund, are used by the issuer (excluding the default case). It is assumed that the bonds are held until maturity and interest income is reinvested on the same conditions. Calculation is before currency hedging. The yield to worst is a portfolio characteristic; in particular, it does not reflect the actual fund income. The expenses charged to the fund are not taken into account. As a result, the yield to worst is not suitable as an indicator of the future performance of a bond fund. Forecasts are not a reliable indicator of future results.
- 10) Alpha is a measure of a portfolio's excess return relative to its expected return based on its risk level. It represents the value added (or subtracted) by a portfolio manager beyond what is explained by market movements.
- 11) Tracking error is the difference in actual performance between the portfolio and its corresponding benchmark. The tracking error can be also considered as an indicator of how actively a fund is managed and its corresponding risk level. It is measured as standard deviation of the portfolio's excess returns over the benchmark.
- 12) The Information Ratio (IR) is a measure of a portfolio manager's ability to generate excess returns relative to a benchmark, adjusted for risk.
- 13) Volatility measures the fluctuation range of the fund's performance over a specified period of time
- 14) The Sharpe ratio states the relationship between the return generated by the fund and the investment risk. The fund's excess return versus the risk-free market rate is compared to volatility. Negative values are not meaningful.
- 15) This is for guidance only and not indicative of future allocation.
- 16) This fund has been classified as an Article 8 under SFDR: EU Sustainable Finance Disclosure Regulation. Information accurate at time of publishing. Investors should take into account all the characteristics and/ or objectives of the fund as described in its prospectus and Key Investor Document (regulatory.allianzgi.com).
- 17) A ranking, a rating or an award provides no indicator of future performance and is not constant over time.
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20) Source: Bloomberg

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