

AMUNDI MSCI EMU HIGH DIVIDEND UCITS ETF

Prospectus and Regulations

PROSPECTUS

UCITS subject to European Directive 2009/65/EC

I. GENERAL FEATURES

Name: **AMUNDI MSCI EMU HIGH DIVIDEND UCITS ETF** (the "Fund")

Legal form and Member State in which the UCITS has been set up: French Mutual Fund (FCP)

Launch date and scheduled term: The Fund was approved by the French Market Regulator (AMF) on 3 February 2009 and launched on 26 February 2009 for an anticipated duration of 99 years.

Summary of the management offer:

ISIN code	Allocation of distributable income	Denomination currency	Net asset value calculation frequency	Initial net asset value	Minimum initial subscription	Minimum subsequent subscription	Eligible subscribers
FR0010717090	Accumulation	euro	Daily	EUR 40.12	<u>Primary market</u> 2500 unit(s) <u>Secondary market</u> 1 unit(s)	<u>Primary market</u> 1 unit(s) <u>Secondary market</u> 1 unit(s)	All subscribers

Address from which the latest annual and periodic report may be obtained:

The latest annual report and interim statements will be sent to investors within eight working days upon written request from the unitholder to:

Amundi Asset Management

Amundi ETF
91-93, Boulevard Pasteur
CS 21564
75730 Paris Cedex 15, France
Tel: +33 (0)1 76 32 47 74
Email: info@amundiETF.com

Further details are available from Amundi Asset Management and on its website amundiETF.com.

The **AMF** website (amf-france.org) contains further details on the list of regulatory documents and investor protection regulations.

II. SERVICE PROVIDERS

Management Company:

Amundi Asset Management (the "**Management Company**")
A simplified joint-stock company (société par actions simplifiée),
Portfolio Management Company operating under AMF approval no. GP 04000036
Registered office: 91-93, Boulevard Pasteur – 75015 Paris, France

Depositary and Registrar:

CACEIS Bank (the "**Depositary**"),
Société Anonyme (a French public limited company),
Main business: Credit institution providing investment services, approved by the Committee of Credit Establishments and Investment Enterprises (CECEI) on 1 April 2005,
Registered office: 89-91 rue Gabriel Péri, 92120 Montrouge

With regard to regulatory duties and duties contractually entrusted by the Management Company, the Depositary's main tasks are the custody of the UCITS' assets, ensuring that the Management Company's decisions are lawful and monitoring the UCITS' cash flows.

The Depositary and Management Company are part of the same group; as such, in accordance with the applicable regulations, they have implemented a policy for identifying and preventing conflicts of interest. If a conflict of interest cannot be avoided, the Management Company and the Depositary shall take all necessary measures to manage, monitor and report this conflict of interest.

The description of the delegated custodial duties, the list of the Depositary's delegates and sub-delegates and information relating to conflicts of interest that may result from these delegations are available on its website at www.caceis.com or free of charge upon written request.
Updated information can be provided to unitholders on request.

Institution responsible for clearing subscription and redemption orders by delegation of the Management Company:

CACEIS Bank,
Société Anonyme (a French public limited company),
Registered office: 89-91 rue Gabriel Péri, 92120 Montrouge
Main business: Bank and investment services provider approved by CECEI on 1 April 2005.

The Depositary is also responsible, by delegation from the Management Company, for the Fund's general administration, which includes the clearing of unit subscription and redemption orders and managing the Fund's unit issue account.

Independent Auditor:

DELOITTE & ASSOCIES

6 Place de la Pyramide, 91800 Puteaux **Delegated Accounting Manager:**

CACEIS Fund Administration,
Société Anonyme (a French public limited company),
Registered office: 89-91 rue Gabriel Péri, 92120 Montrouge

CACEIS Fund Administration is a company of the CREDIT AGRICOLE Group specialising in the administrative and accounting management of UCI on behalf of clients inside and outside the Group.
CACEIS Fund Administration has accordingly been appointed by the Management Company as Delegated Accounting Manager for the valuation and accounting of the Fund. CACEIS Fund Administration is responsible for valuing the assets, establishing the Fund's NAV and preparing its periodic financial statements.

Market-makers:

As at 11 December 2012, the financial institution acting as Market-maker is:

III. OPERATING AND MANAGEMENT PROCEDURES

III.1 General features

Features of the units:

ISIN code: FR0010717090

- **Nature of the right attached to the unit class:** each unitholder is entitled to joint-ownership of the Fund's assets proportional to the number of units held.
- **Entry in a register or clarification of fund administration methods:** the Depositary is responsible for fund administration. Units can be cleared through Euroclear France, Clearstream Banking S.A. and Euroclear Bank.
- **Voting rights:** no voting rights are attached to the units; decisions are made by the Management Company. Note: investors will be notified of changes to the Fund's operating arrangements either individually, through the press or by any other means in accordance with current regulations.
- **Form of units:** bearer units.
- **Fractioning, if any:** subscriptions and redemptions are made in whole units.

Admission of the units to the Euronext Paris NextTrack market:

Under Article D.214-22-1 of the French Monetary and Financial Code (the "**CMF**"), shares or units of undertakings for collective investment in transferable securities may be listed for trading, provided that these entities have set up a mechanism to ensure that the listed market price of the shares or units does not diverge significantly from a reference price (the "**Benchmark Price**"). The following operating rules developed by Euronext Paris SA apply accordingly to the listing of the Fund's units:

- reservation thresholds are set by applying a 1.5% variation on either side of the Fund Benchmark Price, as published by Euronext Paris SA. These are updated during each trading session on an estimate basis according to variations in the Benchmark Index;
- trading of the Fund's units on the Euronext Paris NextTrack market will be suspended in the following cases:
 - Suspension or halt of the listing or calculation of the Benchmark Index by the Benchmark Index provider;
 - Suspension of the market(s) on which the securities comprising the Benchmark Index are listed;
 - If the listed price of the Benchmark Index is unavailable to Euronext Paris;
 - If Euronext Paris cannot obtain the Fund's NAV for the day and/or publish the Benchmark Price;
 - Violation of applicable Euronext Paris rules by a market-maker;
 - Failure of Euronext Paris's systems, particularly its IT or electronic systems;
 - If stock market disturbances or difficulties render normal market-making impossible;
 - ° Any other event that prevents the calculation of the Fund's Benchmark Price or the trading of Fund units.

"Market-makers" likewise ensure that the market price of the Fund's units does not diverge by more than 1.5% on either side of the Fund's Benchmark Price, in order to comply with the reservation threshold set by Euronext Paris SA (see "Benchmark Price" section).

Financial year-end: last trading day in December of each year.

First financial year-end: last trading day of December 2009.

Tax treatment:

The Fund is eligible for the Plan d'Épargne en Actions ("PEA" reserved for French tax residents) and life insurance policies. The Fund may provide a support vehicle for life insurance policies denominated in units of account.

The UCITS, by its nature, is not subject to taxation. However, unitholders may be taxed on any income distributed by the UCITS or, as applicable, when they sell UCITS units. The tax regime applicable to amounts distributed by the UCITS or to unrealised or realised capital gains or losses will depend on the individual unitholder's tax situation, residence for tax purposes and/or the investment jurisdiction of the UCITS. Any investor who is unsure of their tax situation should consult a tax advisor or a professional investment consultant to determine the tax rules applicable to their particular situation prior to making any investment. Some income distributed by the UCITS to unitholders residing outside France may be subject to withholding tax in France.

Germany: at least 51% of the Fund will be permanently invested in listed shares. For the purposes of interpreting this ratio, shares issued by REITs (as defined by the German Ministry of Finance) or UCIs are not considered as shares.

US tax considerations

The Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act (FATCA), which is part of the US Hiring Incentives to Restore Employment Act (HIRE), requires that non-US financial institutions (foreign financial institutions, or FFIs) report to the IRS (the US tax authorities) any financial information relating to assets held by US taxpayers¹ outside of the United States.

In accordance with FATCA regulations, US securities held by any financial institution that does not adhere to or is considered to be non-compliant with the FATCA law will be subject to a withholding tax of 30% on (i) certain income generated from US sources; and (ii) the gross proceeds from the sale or disposal of US assets.

The Fund falls within the scope of FATCA and, as such, unitholders may be asked to provide certain mandatory information.

The United States has entered into an intergovernmental agreement with several governments in order to implement the FATCA law. In this context, the French and US governments have signed an intergovernmental agreement (IGA).

The Fund complies with the IGA Model 1 agreement between France and the United States of America. It is not anticipated that the Fund (or any Sub-Fund) will be subject to a FATCA withholding tax.

The FATCA law requires the Fund to collect certain information about the identity (including ownership, holding and distribution details) of account holders who are US tax residents, entities that control US tax residents, and non-US tax residents who do not comply with the FATCA provisions or who fail to provide any of the accurate, complete and precise information required under the intergovernmental agreement (IGA).

For this purpose, all potential unitholders agree to provide the Fund, its delegated entity or the promoter with any information requested (including, but not limited to, their GIIN).

In the event of any change in circumstances impacting their FATCA status or their GIIN, potential unitholders shall immediately provide written notice to the Fund, its delegated entity or the promoter.

In accordance with the IGA, this information should be communicated to the French tax authorities, who may in turn share it with the IRS or with other tax authorities.

Investors who fail to document their FATCA status properly, or who refuse to report their FATCA status or to disclose the required information within the prescribed deadline, may be qualified as recalcitrant and be reported to the relevant tax or government authorities by the Fund or their Management Company.

¹According to the US Internal Revenue Code, the term "US Person" means an individual who is a US citizen or resident, a partnership or corporation organised in the United States or under the laws of the United States or any State thereof, a trust if (i) a court within the United States has authority under applicable law to hand down orders or judgements concerning substantially all issues regarding the administration of the trust, and (ii) one or more US persons have authority to control all substantial decisions of the trust, or an estate of a decedent who was a citizen or resident of the United States.

In order to avoid the potential impacts of the foreign passthru payment mechanism and to prevent any withholding on such payments, the Fund or its delegated entity reserves the right to prohibit any subscription to the Fund or the sale of units or shares to any non-participating FFI (NPFFI)², particularly when such a prohibition is considered legitimate and justified for the protection of the general interests of investors in the Fund.

The Fund and its legal representative, the Fund's Depositary and the transfer agent reserve the right, on a discretionary basis, to prevent or remediate the acquisition and/or direct or indirect holding of units in the Fund by any investor who is in breach of the applicable laws and regulations, or where the latter's involvement in the Fund may have detrimental consequences for the Fund or for other investors, including, but not limited to, FATCA sanctions.

To this end, the Fund may reject any subscription or require the mandatory redemption of units or shares in the Fund in accordance with the provisions set out in Article 3 of the Fund's regulations³.

The FATCA law is relatively new and its implementation is ongoing. Although the above information summarises the Management Company's current understanding, this understanding may be incorrect, or the way in which FATCA is implemented could change such that some or all investors are subject to the 30% withholding tax.

The provisions herein are not a complete analysis of all the tax rules and considerations and are not tax-related advice, and they shall not be considered as a complete list of all the potential tax-related risks inherent in subscribing to or holding Fund units or shares. All investors should consult their usual advisors regarding the tax aspects and potential consequences of subscribing, holding or redeeming units or shares by virtue of the laws applicable to such investors and, in particular, by virtue of the rules of disclosure or withholding under FATCA concerning investors in the Fund.

- Automatic Exchange of Information (CRS regulations):

France has signed multilateral agreements on the automatic exchange of information relating to financial accounts, based on the Common Reporting Standard (CRS) ("Norme Commune de Déclaration" or NCD in France) as adopted by the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD).

Under the CRS law, the Fund or the Management Company must provide the local tax authorities with certain information about non-resident Unitholders in France. This information is then communicated to the relevant tax authorities.

The information communicated to the tax authorities includes details such as name, address, tax identification number (NIF), date of birth, place of birth (if it appears in the records of the financial institution), account number, account balance or, if applicable, account value at the end of the year and the payments recorded on the account during the calendar year.

Each investor agrees to provide the Fund, the Management Company or their distributors with the information and documentation required by law (including, but not limited to, their self-certification) as well as any additional documentation that may reasonably be required in order to comply with their reporting obligations under the CRS.

Further information on the CRS is available on the OECD website and the websites of the tax authorities in the agreement signatory states.

Any unitholder who does not respond to requests for information or documents by the Fund:

(i) may be held liable for penalties imposed on the Fund that are attributable to the failure of the unitholder to provide the requested documentation, or attributable to the unitholder providing incomplete or incorrect documentation; and (ii) will be reported to the relevant tax authorities for having failed to provide the necessary information for the identification of their tax residence and their tax identification number.

²NPFFI or non-participating FFI = a financial institution that refuses to comply with FATCA either by refusing to sign a contract with the IRS or by refusing to identify its clients or report to the authorities.

³This may also apply to any person (i) who seems to be directly or indirectly in violation of the laws and regulations of any country or any government authority; or (ii) who may, in the opinion of the Fund's Management Company, cause damage to the Fund that it would not have otherwise suffered or incurred.

MINIMUM STANDARDS AND EXCLUSION POLICY

The Management Company applies a Responsible Investment Policy which consists of a policy of targeted exclusions according to the investment strategy for a given fund (as defined in the "Investment Strategy" section, where applicable).

The principal adverse impacts of investment decisions (within the meaning of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 on sustainability-related disclosures in the financial services sector (the "Disclosure Regulation")) are the negative, material or likely to be material effects on sustainability factors that are caused or aggravated by or directly linked to investment decisions. Annex 1 of the Delegated Regulation supplementing the Disclosure Regulation lists the indicators of the principal adverse impacts.

The Management Company also considers the main negative impacts through its policy of norm-based exclusions. In this case, only indicator 14 (Exposure to controversial weapons, anti-personnel mines, cluster munitions, chemical weapons and biological weapons) is taken into account. The other indicators and issuers' ESG ratings are not taken into account in the relevant Fund's investment process.

More detailed information on the principal adverse impacts can be found in the Management Company's Sustainable Finance Disclosure Statement available on its website: www.amundi.com.

The investments underlying this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. In accordance with Regulation (EU) 2020/852 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 June 2020:

Article 7 Transparency of other financial products in pre-contractual disclosures and in periodic reports Where a financial product is not subject to Article 8(1) or to Article 9(1), (2) or (3) of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088, the information to be disclosed in accordance with the provisions of sectoral legislation referred to in Articles 6(3) and 11(2) of that Regulation shall be accompanied by the following statement: "The investments underlying this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities."

Investors should be aware that the fiduciary duty and regulatory obligations in passive management are to track an index as faithfully as possible.

The Management Company must thus comply with the contractual obligation to deliver passive exposure faithful to the tracked index.

Consequently, the Management Company may invest and/or remain invested in securities included in an index and impacted by serious controversial events, acute sustainability risks or those which have a major negative impact on sustainability factors since these events may lead to exclusion of the very securities in Amundi's actively managed funds or ESG ETF.

III.2 Special terms and conditions

Classification:

Eurozone equities.
The Fund is a strategy index-tracking Fund.

Investment objective:

The Fund's investment objective is to replicate, as closely as possible, the euro-denominated performance of the MSCI EMU HIGH DIVIDEND YIELD Strategy Index (see section "Benchmark index"), whether the Strategy Index rises or falls.

The Fund is managed so as to achieve the smallest possible gap between changes in its NAV and changes in the value of the euro-adjusted MSCI EMU HIGH DIVIDEND YIELD strategy index (referred to below as the "**Benchmark Index**").

The target for maximum tracking error between changes in the Fund's NAV and that of the euro-adjusted Benchmark Index is 2%.

If the "tracking error" exceeds 2%, the aim would nevertheless be to remain below 15% of the volatility shown by the euro-adjusted Benchmark Index.

Benchmark index:

The Fund's Benchmark Index is a USD-denominated and euro-adjusted index with net dividends reinvested (Total Net Return).

The Benchmark Index is an "equities" index calculated and published by the international index supplier MSCI Inc. ("MSCI"). The equities in the Benchmark Index are leading securities traded in the markets of 10 European Economic and Monetary Union countries, which have the highest dividend yields in their respective countries.

The investment universe for the Benchmark Index is derived from the investment universe for the MSCI EMU index. The Benchmark Index is a subset of the MSCI EMU Index.

The Benchmark Index shares the following basic features with the MSCI indices:

- a) it belongs to MSCI's range of "investable" equity indices, which are segmented by size, style and industry;
- b) securities included in the Benchmark Index are float-adjusted;
- c) classified by sector according to the Global Industry Classification Standard (GICS).

MSCI's methodology and calculation methods mean a variation in the number of stocks making up the Benchmark Index. As at 28 November 2014*, the Benchmark Index had 35 component stocks from the 10 following countries: Austria, Belgium, Finland, France, Germany, Ireland, Italy, Netherlands, Portugal and Spain.

* *Source: MSCI*

The complete Benchmark Index building methodology is available on the MSCI website: mscibarra.com.

The performance tracked by the Fund is the closing price of the Benchmark Index.

• Publication of the Benchmark Index

The Benchmark Index is calculated by MSCI using the official closing prices of the stock exchanges on which the Index components are traded.

The closing price for the Benchmark Index is available on the MSCI website: msci.com.

The Benchmark Index is also calculated on each Trading Day.

The Benchmark Index is available via Reuters and Bloomberg.

Via Reuters: .dMYEM00000NUS

Via Bloomberg: M1EMHDVD

• **Review of the Benchmark Index**

MSCI indices are designed to reflect changes in equity markets as closely as possible. For this reason, they are regularly revised to take account of changes affecting a stock's capitalisation (number of shares and float) or its sector classification.

The main revisions are as follows:

- real-time revisions for major changes in a company's capital structure (merger/acquisition, large rights issues or IPOs etc.);
- quarterly revisions (end of February, May, August and November) to take significant market events into account;
- half-yearly revisions (end of May and November) for rebalancing;
- annual full revision (end of May) of the investment universe of all the countries covered by the indices.

The Benchmark Index revision rules are published by MSCI and available on the MSCI website: msci.com.

Benchmark index applicable to the Fund's investment objective:

As at the date of the most recent update to this prospectus, the administrator of the MSCI Limited benchmark index is registered in the ESMA register of administrators and benchmark indices.

Pursuant to Regulation (EU) 2016/1011 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 08 June 2016, the Management Company has put in place a procedure for monitoring the benchmark indices used, which sets out the action to be taken in the event that a benchmark materially changes or ceases to be provided.

Investment strategy:

The Fund is managed "passively".

1. Strategy employed

The Fund undergoes "index-linked" management with the aim of replicating the performance of the Benchmark Index using a method of direct replication of the Benchmark Index, which consists of investing in the financial securities that make up the Benchmark Index in proportions extremely close to those of the Index.

The Management Company may decide to use the so-called "sampling" technique, which consists of investing in a selection of representative securities comprising the Benchmark Index (rather than all its securities), in different proportions to those of the Benchmark Index, or even investing in securities that do not make up the Benchmark Index.

The Fund may use forward financial instruments and/or temporary acquisitions and sales of securities for hedging and/or exposure.

The Fund shall observe the investment rules stipulated in Articles R.214-21, R.214-22 and R.214-23 of the French Monetary and Financial Code.

The Fund assets, comprising directly held assets described in the "Assets used" section, complies with the provisions of Article R.214-21 of the French Monetary and Financial Code.

The Fund's exposure to the Benchmark Index may benefit from the exemption ratios applicable to index-linked UCITS under Article R.214-22 of the French Monetary and Financial Code. That Article stipulates that the Benchmark Index may comprise up to 20% equities or debt securities issued by the same entity; this limit may be raised to 35% maximum for a single issuing entity, when such increase is justified by special market circumstances such as the regulated markets where some marketable securities or some money-market instruments are largely dominant.

2. Assets used (except embedded derivatives)

The Fund's assets are made up of its directly held assets as described below.

- Equities:

The Fund will be permanently 60% exposed at least to one or more markets for equities issued in one or more Eurozone countries.

Up to 100% of the Fund's net assets will be invested, subject to the legal and regulatory ratios, in international equities (any economic sector, traded on any market). However, in the event of adjustments associated with subscriptions/redemptions, investments may exceed this limit on a residual basis.

The stocks in the Fund's portfolio will consist of stocks included in the Benchmark Index and other international stocks, from all economic sectors, including small-cap markets. The equities in the Fund's assets will be chosen to limit costs associated with reproducing the Benchmark Index.

Over 75% of the portfolio's value will, at all times, consist of stocks of companies registered in a Member State of the European Union, or in another State which is part of the European Economic Area (EEA) and has signed a tax convention with France that provides for administrative assistance to prevent fraud and tax avoidance. This minimum level of equity exposure makes the Fund eligible for the Plan d'Épargne en Actions (French Stock Savings Plan – PEA).

At least 51% of the Fund will be permanently invested in listed shares. For the purposes of interpreting this ratio, shares issued by REITs (as defined by the German Ministry of Finance) or UCIs are not considered as shares.

- Interest-rate instruments:

The Fund may invest in any kind of bond instruments.

Portfolio securities will be selected according to management decision and in compliance with the internal credit risk monitoring policy of the Management Company.

For the purpose of stock-picking, the management does not, neither exclusively nor mechanically, rely on the ratings issued by rating agencies, but bases its buy and sell convictions of a security on its own credit and market analyses. For information, management may specifically deal in securities with minimum ratings of BBB- by S&P and Moody's ("investment grade" rating) at the time of purchase.

The bond issuers selected may be from the private sector or from the public sector (national or local governments etc.), and private sector debt may account for up to 100% of all debt instruments.

Foreign debt instruments will be denominated in the currency of one of the OECD member countries.

In order to meet its investment objective and/or manage intermediate financial flows, the Fund may hold up to 10% of its assets in the following:

- Debt instruments and money market instruments in euro:

Cash flow will be managed through money market instruments.

Portfolio securities will be selected according to management decision and in compliance with the internal credit risk monitoring policy of the Management Company.

For the purpose of stock-picking, the management does not, neither exclusively nor mechanically, rely on the ratings issued by rating agencies, but bases its buy and sell convictions of a security on its own credit and market analyses. For information, management may specifically deal in securities with minimum ratings of AA by S&P and Moody's.

The bond issuers selected may be from the private sector or from the public sector (national or local governments etc.), and private sector debt may account for up to 100% of all debt instruments. The average maturity of these instruments will not exceed ten years.

- UCITS units or shares

The Fund may hold up to 10% of its assets in units and/or shares of UCITS. These UCITS are representative of all asset classes, in compliance with the Fund's requirements.

They may be UCITS managed by the Management Company, or by other entities, which may or may not belong to the Crédit Agricole SA Group, including related companies.

The securities held in the substitution basket shall be selected in line with the applicable provisions in Amundi's General Responsible Investment Policy.

3. Derivatives

Counterparties are selected through the procedure in effect within the Amundi Group and is based on the principle of selecting the best market counterparties.

This includes specifically:

- a double validation of the counterparties by the Amundi Intermediation manager and by Amundi Asset Management's Credit Committee after analysis of their financial and operational profiles (type of activities, governance, reputation etc.) conducted by a team of credit analysts working independently from the management teams.
- a limited number of financial institutions with which the UCITS trades.

Amundi AM relies on the expertise of Amundi Intermediation in the context of providing services regarding the selection of counterparties.

Amundi Intermediation provides Amundi AM with an indicative list of counterparties, the eligibility of which is approved beforehand by the Amundi (Group) Credit Risk Committee, concerning the aspects of counterparty risk.

This list is then validated by Amundi AM during ad-hoc "Broker Committees". The purpose of the Broker Committees is to:

- monitor volumes (share broking and net amounts for other products) by intermediary/counterparty, instrument type and market, where applicable;
- express their opinion on the quality of the service provided by the Amundi Intermediation trading desk;
- carry out a review of the brokers and counterparties, and to draw up the list for the coming period. Amundi AM may decide to limit the list or ask to extend it. If Amundi AM proposes to extend the list of counterparties at a committee meeting or subsequently, the Amundi Credit Risk Committee must analyse and approve the list once again.

The Amundi AM Broker Committees are composed of the Investment Directors or their representatives, representatives of the Amundi Intermediation trading desk, a Head of Operations, a Head of Risk Control and a Head of Compliance.

The Fund may take positions in the following derivatives:

- Type of markets in which investments are made:

- ☒ regulated
- ☒ organised
- ☒ OTC

- Categories of risk in which the Fund intends to take a position:

- ☒ equity risk
- ☐ interest rate
- ☒ currency
- ☐ credit
- ☐ volatility

- Types of transactions and description of all operations that must be limited to the achievement of the investment objective:

- ☒ hedging
- ☒ exposure
- ☐ arbitrage
- ☐ trading
- ☐ other

- Type of instruments used:

futures: on equities and indices

- ☒ options: on equities and indices
- total return swaps: on equities and indices.

The Fund may enter into exchange contracts in two combinations from the following

- ☒ types of flows:

- fixed rate
- variable rate (indexed to the Eonia, Euribor, or any other market benchmark)

- performance linked to one or more currencies, equities, stock market indices or listed securities, UCIs or investment funds
- dividends (net or gross)
- ☒ forward foreign exchange contracts
- other

• Strategy of using derivatives to achieve the investment objective:

- ☐ constructing synthetic exposure to a particular security, sector and/or to the Benchmark Index through the use of total return swaps.
- ☒ management of intermediate cash (dividends, subscriptions/redemptions etc.) to reach the desired degree of exposure to a particular stock and/or sector and/or to the Benchmark Index via the use of futures.
- ☒ management of intermediate cash (dividends, subscriptions/redemptions etc.) to reach the desired degree of exposure to a particular stock and/or sector and/or to the Benchmark Index via the use of options.

These instruments may be used to hedge up to 100% of the Fund's net assets.

The commitments arising from derivatives may not exceed 100% of net assets.

4. Securities incorporating derivatives ("embedded derivatives"): None

5. Deposits and liquid assets

The Fund may hold up to 20% of its net assets in deposits for a maximum term of twelve months. The deposits are used for cash management purposes and help the Fund achieve its cash management objectives.

6. Cash borrowing

The Fund may temporarily, and in exceptional cases, borrow up to 10% of its net assets in order to optimise its cash flow management.

7. Transactions involving the temporary acquisition and/or disposal of securities

- Types of transactions used:
 - ☐ repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements in compliance with the French Monetary and Financial Code;
 - ☒ lending and borrowing of securities in accordance with the French Monetary and Financial Code;
 - ☐ other: sell and buy back; buy and sell back.
- Purpose of the transactions, which must be limited to the achievement of the investment objective:
 - ☐ cash management;
 - ☒ optimisation of the UCITS' income;
 - ☐ possible contribution to the UCITS' leverage effect;
 - ☐ other

These transactions will cover all the authorised assets as described in point 2. "Balance sheet assets (excluding embedded derivatives)", excluding UCIs and investment funds.

Level of use planned and authorised: Maximum and expected proportions of assets under management that will be used in these transactions

Types of transactions	Securities lending	Securities borrowing
Maximum proportion of net assets	45%	0%
Expected proportion of net assets	1%	0%

Total exposure arising from real securities and commitments on derivatives, securities with embedded derivatives and temporary purchases and sales of securities may not exceed 100% of net assets.

In securities lending and borrowing transactions, a lender transfers securities or instruments to a borrower, subject to a commitment that the borrower will return equivalent securities or instruments on a future date or when requested by the lender.

A Fund may lend portfolio securities either directly or through one of the following:

- a standardised lending system organised by a recognised clearing institution;
- a lending system organised by a financial institution that specialises in this type of transaction.

The borrower must provide Collateral (as described below) that extends throughout the loan period and is at least equal to the global valuation of the securities lent, plus the value of any discount (see paragraph 8 below) considered appropriate in the light of the quality of the Collateral.

Each Fund may only borrow securities in exceptional circumstances, such as:

- when securities that have been lent are not returned on time;
- where, for an external reason, the Fund was not able to deliver the securities that it had committed to delivering

8. Information relating to financial guarantees (temporary purchases and sales of securities) and total return swaps (TRS):

Type of collateral:

In the context of temporary purchases and sales of securities and OTC derivative transactions, the Fund may receive collateral of securities and cash.

The discounts that may be applied to the collateral received will take into account the type, the maturity, the credit quality and the currency, as well as the price volatility of the securities and the results of the stress tests performed.

The securities received as collateral must adhere to the criteria defined by the Management Company. They must be:

- liquid;
- transferable at any time;
- diversified in compliance with the eligibility, exposure and diversification rules of the UCITS;
- issued by an issuer that is not an entity of the counterparty or its group.

For bonds, the securities will also be issued by high-quality issuers located in OECD countries whose minimum rating may be AAA to BBB- on the scale of Standard & Poor's or with a rating deemed equivalent by the Management Company. Bonds must have a maximum maturity of 50 years.

The criteria described above are detailed in a Risk Policy available on the Management Company's website at www.amundi.com and may be subject to changes, particularly in the event of exceptional market circumstances.

The discounts that may be applied to the collateral received will take into account the credit quality, the price volatility of the securities and the results of the stress tests performed.

Reuse of cash received as collateral: Cash received as collateral may be reinvested in deposits, government bonds, reverse repurchase agreements or short-term money market UCITS in accordance with the Management Company's Risk Policy.

Reuse of securities received as collateral:

Not authorised: Securities received as collateral may not be sold, reinvested or pledged as guarantee.

Summary description of the process for selecting intermediaries and any comments:

The Management Company usually operates through invitation to tender. In this case, a comprehensive request for proposal (total return swap and market making) was issued for a portion of the AMUNDI ETF Fund product

line. The Management Company has therefore not undertaken and shall not undertake a formal competitive bidding procedure for this particular Fund that can be tracked and monitored among the potential counterparties of OTC forward financial instruments, as the counterparty has already been selected during the comprehensive request for proposal. The Fund may carry out these transactions with BNP Paribas SA or any other Company of the BNP Paribas SA group as counterparties or intermediaries.

Risk profile:

Your money will be invested primarily in financial instruments selected by the Management Company. These financial instruments are subject to market fluctuations.

Investors are advised that their capital is not guaranteed and may not be returned to them.

The Fund has high volatility due to its exposure to equity markets.

The main risks to which the investor may be exposed through the Fund's investments are as follows:

- Equity risk:

The Fund is 100% exposed to the Benchmark Index. However, in the event of adjustments associated with subscriptions/redemptions, exposure may exceed this limit on a residual basis. The Fund is therefore exposed to market risks related to fluctuations in the value of the stocks that make up the Benchmark Index. Stock market fluctuations can lead to significant changes in net assets, which can adversely affect the Fund's net asset value. The Fund's net asset value may therefore fall significantly. The Fund accordingly has a high degree of equity risk.

- Risk related to changes in the Benchmark Index:

The Fund is exposed among other things to rises and falls in the Benchmark Index. The Fund therefore involves exposure to the market risks related to fluctuations in the Benchmark Index. The Fund's value will fall in the event of a fall in the Benchmark Index.

- Factors that may influence the ability of the Fund to track the performance of the Benchmark Index:

The ability of the Fund to track the performance of the Benchmark Index may be particularly affected by the following factors:

- o the re-weightings of the Benchmark Index tracked by the Fund may generate transaction and/or trading costs;
- o whether there are market fees;
- o and/or on account of minor valuation discrepancies that would not be such as to result in the calculation of the Fund's net asset value being suspended. These discrepancies may be due to some securities being temporarily unavailable in the Benchmark Index or to exceptional circumstances that may have caused distortions in the Benchmark Index weightings, particularly in cases of suspension or temporary disruption in the listing of securities in the Benchmark Index.

- Credit risk:

The risk of a deterioration in the credit quality of an issuer or of an issuer defaulting. This deterioration may lead to a fall in the value of a security and thus to a reduction in the net asset value.

- Counterparty risk:

The Fund uses securities financing transactions and/or OTC derivatives transactions. These transactions, entered into with a counterparty, expose the Fund to a risk of default and/or non-execution of the counterparty's unit return swap, which may have a significant impact on the Fund's net asset value. This risk may not necessarily be offset by the collateral received.

- Risks related to imperfect replication:

Replicating the Benchmark Index by investing in all of its components may prove costly or operationally very difficult. The Fund Manager may also use optimisation techniques, in particular the sampling technique which consists of investing in a selection of representative securities (rather than all securities) comprising the Benchmark Index, in different proportions to those of the Benchmark Index, or even investing in securities other than the index components or in forward financial instruments. The use of these optimisation techniques may lead to an increase in the ex-post tracking error and will in particular lead to differences in the performance of the Fund and that of Benchmark Index.

- Liquidity risk:

The markets in which the Fund is invested may occasionally be affected by a temporary lack of liquidity. These market disturbances may impact the price terms at which the Fund may have to liquidate, initiate or modify positions, and may therefore lead to a fall in the net asset value.

- Liquidity risk in a stock market:

The Fund's market price may deviate from its Benchmark Price. The liquidity of the Fund's units in a listing market may be affected by any suspension that could, in particular, but not only, be due to:

- i) the suspension or halt of the calculation of the MSCI EUROPE Index by the Index provider,
- ii) the suspension of the market(s) on which the Benchmark Index's underlying assets are listed,
- iii) a relevant listing market not being able to obtain or to calculate the Fund's indicative net asset value,
- iv) a violation by a market-maker of the rules applicable in the relevant listing market,
- v) failure of the systems, in particular of IT or electronic systems, in a relevant listing market,
- vi) any other event that prevents the calculation of the Fund's indicative net asset value or the trading of Fund units.

- Risk associated with using efficient portfolio management techniques

As with any investment fund, investing in the Fund involves certain risks that an investor would not face when investing directly in the markets.

To the extent that the Fund uses effective portfolio management techniques, such as securities lending, securities borrowing, and in particular, if it reinvests the collateral associated with these techniques, the Fund takes on counterparty, liquidity, legal, custody (e.g. the absence of asset segregation) and operational risks, which may have an impact on the performance of the Fund in question.

- Liquidity risk linked to temporary purchases and sales of securities

The Fund may be exposed to trading difficulties or a temporary inability to trade certain securities in which the Fund invests or in those received as collateral, in the event of a counterparty defaulting on temporary purchases and sales of securities.

- Legal risk

The use of temporary purchases and sales of securities may lead to a legal risk, particularly relating to contracts.

- Risk that the investment objective may only be partially met

Indeed, no asset or financial instrument allows an automatic and continuous replication of the Benchmark Index, particularly if one or more of the following risks materialise:

- Risk related to the use of forward financial instruments

On an ancillary basis, the Fund may make use of over-the-counter forward financial instruments, or listed forward financial instruments, in particular futures and/or hedging swaps. These forward financial instruments involve a series of risks, seen at the level of the contract, including (but not limited to) the following: counterparty risk, events affecting the hedging or the Benchmark Index, risk related to the tax regime, regulatory risk and liquidity risk. These risks may directly affect a forward financial instrument and could lead to an adjustment or even early termination of the forward financial instrument's contract, which could affect the net asset value of the Fund.

Investment in forward financial instruments may involve a high level of risk. The amount required to trade certain forward financial instruments is potentially much lower than the exposure obtained through these instruments, which implies a "leverage effect" at the level of each transaction. A relatively limited market movement would then have a very high proportional impact, and this impact may prove favourable or unfavourable to the Sub-fund.

The market value of forward financial instruments is highly volatile and can therefore be subject to significant variations.

The Fund may use over-the-counter forward financial instruments. OTC transactions may be less liquid than transactions processed in organised markets, where volumes traded are generally higher, and their prices may be more volatile.

- Sustainability risk:

the risk relating to an environmental, social or governance event or condition that, if it occurs, could cause an actual or a potential negative material impact on the value of the investment.

- Index calculation risk:

The Fund replicates an index that is determined and calculated by an index provider. The index provider may face operational risks that could lead to errors in the determination, composition or calculation of the index replicated by the Fund, which could result in losses or shortfalls in the Fund's investments, or a deviation from the objective of the index, as described in the index methodology and the description of the Fund's characteristics.

- Risk of temporary suspension of subscriptions and redemptions:

The Management Company may decide to temporarily suspend the issue and redemption of shares in accordance with the provisions of the Fund's regulations and in particular in the following cases:

- any period during which the trading of units/shares of an undertaking for collective investment in which a Fund may invest is restricted or suspended; or
- any period during which one of the markets or stock exchanges on which a substantial part of the Fund's investments is listed or traded is closed, other than for normal public holidays, or during which related transactions are restricted or suspended; or
- any period during which, as a result of political, economic, military or monetary events or any circumstances beyond the control or responsibility of the administrators, the sale or valuation of a substantial part of the concerned Fund's investments is not reasonably possible without serious detriment to the interests of the concerned Fund's investors or if, in the Administrators' opinion, the Fund's net asset value cannot be calculated accurately; or
- any breakdown of the usual means of communication for determining the price of a substantial part of the concerned Fund's investments or when, for any other reason, the current prices on a market or stock exchange of one of the concerned Fund's investments cannot be determined quickly and accurately; or
- any period during which any transfer of funds involved in the realisation or acquisition of investments of the concerned Fund may not, in the Management Company's opinion, be made at normal prices or exchange rates; or
- any period during which the Fund is unable to repatriate the funds necessary to make payments due upon redemption of units in the relevant Fund; or
- any period during which the Management Company considers this to be in the best interest of the Fund in question; or
- when any other reason makes it impossible to determine the value of a significant part of the Fund's investments; or
- any period during which the Management Company considers that a suspension is necessary for the purpose of carrying out a merger, a consolidation of units or a restructuring of the Fund; or
- when it becomes impossible or impractical to enter into, continue or maintain derivative instruments that provide exposure to the Benchmark Index for the Fund, or to invest in securities included in the relevant Benchmark Index; or
- when such a suspension is required by the AMF in accordance with UCITS regulations.

Guarantee or protection: None

Eligible subscribers and standard investor profile:

Eligible subscribers

All subscribers

Standard investor profile

The Fund is open to any subscriber, including those investing in a French PEA.

This Fund is intended for investors who seek long-term capital growth and exposure to equities of the 11 countries of the European Economic and Monetary Union with high dividend yields, while offering opportunities for short-term arbitrage. The Fund is continuously listed on one or more markets and its units may be traded in the same way as simple stocks. It therefore combines the advantages of a listed security and those of a UCITS. Furthermore, it is eligible for the French stock savings plan (PEA).

The amount that might be reasonably invested in this Fund depends on the investor's personal situation. To determine this amount, investors should consider their personal assets, their current financial needs and the recommended investment period as well as their willingness to accept risks or their wish to invest cautiously. It

is also strongly recommended that investors sufficiently diversify their investments so as to avoid exposing themselves entirely to the risks of this Fund.

All investors are therefore invited to consult their own financial advisors about their individual situations.

This Fund's units cannot be offered or sold directly or indirectly in the United States of America (including its territories and possessions) to the advantage of a US Person as defined in US "Regulation S" adopted by the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC").

The term "US Person" means:

- (a) any individual residing in the United States of America;
- (b) any entity or company organised or incorporated under the laws of the United States;
- (c) any estate or trust of which the executor or the administrator is a U.S. Person;
- (d) any trust of which any trustee is a U.S. Person;
- (e) any branch or subsidiary of a non-US entity located in the United States of America;
- (f) any non-discretionary account (other than an estate or trust) held by a financial intermediary or any other fiduciary organised, incorporated, or (if an individual) resident in the United States;
- (g) any discretionary account (other than an estate or trust) held by a financial intermediary or any other fiduciary organised, incorporated, or (if an individual) resident in the United States; and
- (h) any entity or company, if
 - (i) organised or incorporated under the laws of any non-U.S. jurisdiction and
 - (ii) formed by a US person principally for the purpose of investing in securities not registered under the US Securities Act of 1933, as amended, unless it is organised or incorporated, and owned, by Accredited Investors (as defined in Rule 501(a) of the Act of 1933, as amended) who are not individuals, estates or trusts.

Recommended investment period:

The minimum recommended investment period is 5 years.

Determination and allocation of distributable sums:

Accumulation

Accounting currency: Euro

Features of the units:

Currency of the units: Euro

Initial net asset value:

EUR 40.12 per Fund unit.

The initial net asset value is equal to the euro-adjusted closing price on 26 February 2009 of the Benchmark Index (denominated in US dollars) divided by 10. The exchange rate used to convert the value of the Benchmark Index into euros is the benchmark price on fixing at the close of 16:00 GMT by WM Reuters on 26 February 2009.

Subscriptions and redemptions:

As indicated above, the Fund's activity is organised on two markets, one "**primary**" and the other "**secondary**".

The persons wishing to acquire or subscribe units will be required to certify in writing, at the time of any acquisition or subscription of units, that they are not 'US Persons'. Any unitholder who becomes a US person must immediately notify the Fund's Management Company of the change.

• Subscription and redemption on the primary market:

On the primary market, new Fund units are subscribed and/or redeemed in return for (i) cash or (ii) in-kind contribution/withdrawal of a basket of equities representative of the composition of the Benchmark Index complete with a "cash adjustment".

In this market, initial subscriptions are only allowed in minimum quantities of 2500 units and subsequent subscriptions are only allowed in minimum quantities of one unit. Redemptions are made in whole units, with a minimum value of EUR 100,000 or equivalent in the currency of the unit per redemption request.

Orders for the subscription and redemption of Fund units are cleared on a daily basis by the Depositary, between 9:00 and 18:00 (Paris time), on days when the Paris Stock Exchange is open (the "**Trading Day**"). Subscription and redemption requests sent after 18:00 (Paris time) on a Trading Day will be processed as orders received between 9:00 and 18:00 (Paris time) on the next Trading Day.

A Trading Day is a working day on which the Fund's NAV can be calculated and published.

The Fund's NAV on a given trading day is calculated using the closing level of the euro-adjusted Benchmark Index on that same day. The exchange rate used to convert the value of the Benchmark Index into euros is the benchmark price on fixing at the close of 16:00 GMT by WM Reuters on this same day.

Subscriptions/redemptions in cash only

Cash-only orders cleared by the Depositary between 9:00 and 18:00 (Paris time) on a given Trading Day will be executed on the basis of the net asset value of that same Trading Day.

Subscriptions/redemptions made by contributions/withdrawals to/from a portfolio of equities representing the composition of the Benchmark Index

Orders cleared by the Depositary between 9:00 and 18:00 (Paris time) on a given Trading Day will be executed on the basis of the terms set by the Management Company at 17:00 (Paris time) on the same Trading Day, as follows:

- (1) contribution of a basket of equities reflecting the Benchmark Index as determined by the Management Company, which the subscriber must deliver and, where applicable,
- (2) payment of a cash amount in euros to or from the Fund ("cash adjustment") where a subscription/redemption order is for a minimum initial subscription of exactly 2500 units and a minimum subsequent subscription of one unit. Redemptions are made in whole units, with a minimum value of EUR 100,000 or equivalent in the currency of the unit per redemption request. The cash adjustment will be equal to the difference in euros between the net asset value of the Fund units on that date and the value in euros of the equities to be delivered on that date.

Orders will be executed in accordance with the table below:

D	D	D: the net asset value calculation day	D+1 business day	D+2 business days	D+2 business days
Clearing before 18:00 of subscription orders ¹	Clearing before 18:00 of redemption orders ¹	Execution of the order on D at the latest	Publication of the net asset value	Settlement of subscriptions	Settlement of redemptions

¹ Unless any specific timescale has been agreed with your financial institution.

The Delegated Fund Manager reserves the right to refuse the securities offered/requested for all subscriptions/redemptions made by contributions/withdrawals of securities and has 7 days from the date of the deposit/request to indicate its decision.

Subscriptions/redemptions must be paid for/delivered no later than five Trading Days after the calculation and publication of the net asset value.

Requests for subscriptions and redemptions will be made in whole units.

• Institutions designated to receive subscriptions and make redemptions:

CACEIS Bank

Registered office: 89-91 rue Gabriel Péri, 92120 Montrouge

Investors should note that orders sent to distributors other than the aforementioned institutions should take into account the fact that the cut-off time for the clearing of orders applies to those distributors with CACEIS Bank. As a result, these promoters may apply their own deadline, earlier than the time mentioned above, to allow them to meet their order transmission deadline to CACEIS Bank.

• **Listing and trading Fund units on the secondary market:**

The secondary market is the market on which existing Fund units are traded. It includes all the stock markets on which the Fund is or will be admitted for continuous trading.

Purchases and sales on the secondary market do not incur any subscription or redemption fees. Orders for the purchase or sale of units may be placed in any market where the Fund is (or will be) traded, through an approved broker. Placing a stock market order will give rise to costs over which the Management Company has no influence.

There is no minimum amount for purchase/sale orders placed on the secondary market, other than those which may be imposed by the stock market where Fund units are listed.

The price of a unit traded on the secondary market depends on supply and demand, and is approximately equal to the Benchmark Price.

"Market-makers" maintain secondary market liquidity by acting as market counterparties (see "Market-makers" section). They contract with the stock market operators in question to maintain a maximum difference between the highest bid and the lowest offer prices. Their activities ensure that trading in Fund units remains liquid. They also ensure, through arbitrage between the primary and secondary markets, that the Fund's listed market price does not diverge significantly from the Benchmark Price.

If the Benchmark Index listing is halted or suspended, the Fund's listing is suspended at the same time. As soon as listing of the Benchmark Index resumes, the Fund's resumes likewise, taking account of any change in the Fund's NAV and Benchmark Price since the interruption.

The units acquired on the secondary market cannot generally be resold directly on the primary market. Unitholders must buy and sell units in a secondary market with the assistance of an intermediary (a broker, for example) and may have to bear the corresponding costs. In addition, unitholders may pay more than the current NAV when they buy units and may also receive less than the current NAV when they sell them.

Fund units will be listed on the Euronext Paris market.

The Management Company may apply for these units to be listed on other markets.

Fund units will be listed on Euronext Paris and traded in a product segment dedicated to Trackers: NextTrack.

• **Market-makers:**

As at 11 December 2012, the financial institution acting as Market-maker is:

BNP Paribas Arbitrage
General Partnership (Société en nom collectif)
Registered office: 160-162 boulevard Mac Donald – 75019 Paris

"Market-makers" will provide market-making services for Fund units from the date they are listed on the market where the Fund is admitted for trading. They will mainly act as "Market-makers" through their continuous presence on the market, maintaining a buy/sell price range and ensuring adequate liquidity.

Specifically, the financial institutions acting as "Market-makers" that have signed a market-making contract for the Fund have made a commitment to Euronext Paris SA to meet the following conditions for the Fund:

- a maximum total spread of 2% between the offer price and bid price in the central order book
- a nominal minimum amount at purchase and sale corresponding to EUR 100,000.

The obligations of the "Market-makers" will immediately be suspended if the value of the Benchmark Index becomes unavailable or if one of its component securities is suspended. The obligations of the "Market-makers" will generally be suspended in the event of unusual disturbances or difficulties on the stock market in question which prevent standard market-making operations (e.g. listing disturbances etc.).

"Market-makers" must also ensure that the Fund unit's market price does not differ by more than 1.5% either side of the Benchmark Price.

The Management Company may ask "Market-makers" to halt their listing of Fund units should exceptional circumstances arise or should investor interest require it.

BUYING AND SELLING CONDITIONS ON THE SECONDARY MARKET

If the stock market value of the listed Fund's units or shares significantly differs from the Benchmark Price or if the Fund's units have been suspended from trading, investors may be allowed, under the conditions described below, to have their units redeemed in the primary market directly with the listed Fund without the minimum-size requirements described in the "Subscription and redemption fees (applicable solely to primary market trading)" section having to apply thereto.

The Management Company shall decide whether to proceed with this type of primary market opening and on the duration of such opening, based on the criteria listed below, the analysis of which shall be used to qualify the materiality of the market disruption:

- Verification that the nature of the suspension or of the significant disruption of the secondary market in one of the potential stock markets is not occasional;
- Link between the market disruption and the traders in the secondary market (such as for example a default of all or part of the Market Makers trading in a given market or a malfunction affecting the operating or IT systems of a given stock market), by conversely excluding, the disruptions, if any, with causes external to the secondary markets of the Fund's units or shares, such as, among other things, an event affecting the liquidity and the valuation of all or part of the components of the Benchmark Index;
- Analysis of any other objective factor that may affect the equal treatment of the Fund's unitholders and/or their interests.

As an exception to the provisions on fees mentioned in the "Subscription and redemption fees (applicable solely to primary market trading)" section, the unit redemption transactions carried out in this case on the primary market shall only be subject to a redemption fee of 1% maximum payable to the Fund and intended to cover the costs related to the transaction paid by the Fund.

In such exceptional primary market opening cases, the Management Company will post on its website amundi.eff.com the procedure to be followed by investors wishing to redeem their units in the primary market. The Management Company will also provide said procedure to the stock market operator that lists the Fund's units.

Date and frequency of NAV calculation:

Daily

Place and methods of publication or communication of the net asset value:

The net asset value is calculated and published each day on which the Euronext Paris stock exchange is open or if one of the markets on which the Fund is listed for trading is open (in particular the Borsa Italiana, the Deutsche Börse, the London Stock Exchange and the SIX Swiss Exchange), except for days on which the markets listing the securities that make up the Benchmark Index are closed, provided that the orders placed on the primary and secondary markets can be covered.

The net asset value of the Fund is available on request from the Management Company and on its website amundi.eff.com.

Furthermore, on the days the NAV is published, a Benchmark Price in euros will be published by Euronext Paris.

Costs and fees:

• Subscription and redemption fees:

Subscription and redemption fees are levied by addition to the subscription price paid by the investor or subtraction from the redemption price. Fees are retained by the Fund to offset the costs incurred by the Fund in investing or liquidating the amounts involved. Fees not accruing to the UCITS, are allocated to the Management Company, the promoter etc.

- On the primary market:

Costs borne by the investor, taken at subscription and redemption	Basis	Rate
Subscription fee not retained by the Fund	Net asset value X number of units	2% on each subscription request
Subscription fee retained by the Fund	Net asset value X number of units	maximum 1%
Redemption fee not retained by the Fund	Net asset value X number of units	2% on each redemption request
Redemption fee retained by the Fund	Net asset value X number of units	maximum 1%

The Management Company implements subscription and redemption fees paid to the Fund to offset the real costs of adjusting the portfolio to primary market trading, including execution costs or tax-related costs.

Exemption:

Exemption: The Management Company and BNP Paribas Arbitrage and BNP Paribas SA are exempt from paying subscription or redemption fees not retained by the Fund.

The nature of these fees is detailed in the section describing subscription and redemption arrangements.

- On the secondary market:

Purchases and sales on the secondary market do not incur any subscription or redemption fees. Orders for the purchase or sale of units may be placed in any stock market where the Fund is traded, through an approved broker. Nevertheless, placing a stock market order will trigger costs over which the Management Company has no influence (e.g. broker's commission on stock-market orders to buy or sell units charged by the investor's broker).

The distribution of this Prospectus may be subject to restrictions in certain countries, as may the purchase or sale of Fund units. This Prospectus is not an offer or solicitation by any person in any country where such offer or solicitation would be illegal or where the person making it would not meet the applicable statutory conditions or directed to any person to whom it would be illegal to make such a solicitation.

- **Operating and management fees:**

These fees cover all expenses billed directly to the Fund, except for transaction costs.

Part of the management fee may be passed on to the promoters with whom the Management Company has entered into marketing agreements. These promoters may or may not belong to the same group as the Management Company. These fees are calculated on the basis of a percentage of the financial management fees and are invoiced to the Management Company

In addition to these fees, there may be:

- *performance fees. These reward the Management Company when the Fund exceeds its objectives. They are therefore billed to the Fund;*
- *fees relating to the temporary purchases and sales of securities.*

For more details of the fees actually billed to the Fund, refer to the key information document.

	<u>Fees charged to the UCITS</u>	<u>Basis</u>	<u>Rate structure</u>
P 1	<u>Management fees and fees external to the Management Company (Independent Auditor, Depositary, distribution, and lawyers)</u>	<u>Net assets</u>	<u>0.3% maximum, incl. taxes</u>
P 2	<u>Maximum indirect fees (fees and management fees)</u>	<u>Net assets</u>	<u>None</u>
P 3	<u>Turnover fees</u> <div style="text-align: center;"> <u>-</u> <u>Received by the Depositary</u> <u>-</u> <u>*****</u> <u>-----</u> <u>-</u> </div> <u>Charged by the Management Company</u>	<div style="text-align: center;"> <u>-</u> <u>-</u> <u>-</u> <u>Deducted from each</u> <u>transaction or</u> <u>operation</u> </div>	<div style="text-align: center;"> <u>-</u> <u>None</u> <u>-</u> <u>*****</u> <u>-----</u> <u>-</u> <u>None</u> </div>
P 4	<u>Performance fees</u>	<u>Net assets</u>	<u>None</u>

Operating and management fees will be charged directly to the Fund's income account.

The following costs may be added to the fees charged to the Fund, as detailed above:

- Exceptional legal costs related to recovery of the debts of the Fund;
- Costs related to fees payable by the Management Company to the AMF in connection with managing the Fund.

• **Commission in kind:**

The Management Company receives no commission in kind either for itself or for third parties.

Warning:

The tax treatment applicable to any amounts distributed by the Fund or to its unrealised or realised capital gains or losses depends on the tax laws applicable to the individual investor's tax position and country of tax residence and/or on the jurisdiction in which the Fund holds assets.

Some income distributed by the Fund to unitholders residing outside France may be subject to withholding tax in France. We recommend that you consult your tax adviser on this issue.

In addition, investors should be aware that the directive on taxation of savings income imposes certain fiscal obligations on the Fund's representatives and agents and certain Fund holders.

Other regulations imposing similar obligations are expected to be introduced in jurisdictions outside the European Union. In principle, under that Directive, and potentially under comparable regulations that might be adopted elsewhere, the payment of interest (which may include the proceeds of the sale, redemption or repurchase of Fund units by certain unitholders) may in certain circumstances be disclosed to the local tax authorities.

Investors are invited to refer to the Fund's Annual Report for further information.

Securities lending transactions and repos:

As part of securities lending and repurchase transactions, Amundi AM, a subsidiary of Amundi, has entrusted Amundi Intermediation, in the context of service provision, on behalf of the UCI, with executing transactions, undertaking in particular:

- an advisory service on the choice of counterparties
- market contract setup requests
- qualitative and quantitative monitoring of collateralisation (management of diversification, ratings, liquidity etc.), repurchase agreements and securities lending.

Income from such transactions is returned to the UCI. These transactions generate costs that are paid by the UCI. Amundi Intermediation may not charge more than 50% of the income generated by these transactions.

Such transactions carried out by Amundi Intermediation, a company that is part of the same group as the Management Company, creates a potential conflict of interest.

Selection of intermediaries:

Policy for selecting counterparties of OTC derivative contracts or of temporary sales of securities

The Management Company implements a counterparty selection policy, in particular when entering into temporary purchases and sales of securities and certain derivatives, such as total return swaps (TRS).

Amundi Intermediation presents Amundi Asset Management with an indicative list of counterparties whose eligibility has been previously validated by the Amundi Group's Credit Risk Committee, on the aspects of counterparty risk. This list is then validated by Amundi Asset Management during ad-hoc meetings of "Broker Committees".

The purpose of the Broker Committees is to:

- monitor volumes (share broking and net amounts for other products) by intermediary/counterparty, instrument type and market, where applicable;
- express their opinion on the quality of the service provided by the Amundi Intermediation trading desk;
- carry out a review of the brokers and counterparties, and to draw up the list for the coming period. Amundi Asset Management may decide to narrow down the list or ask to broaden it. Any proposal by Amundi Asset Management to broaden the list of counterparties, during a committee meeting or subsequently, is submitted again to Amundi's Credit Risk Committee for analysis and approval.

The Amundi Asset Management Broker Committees are composed of the Investment Directors or their representatives, representatives of the Amundi Intermediation trading desk, a Head of Operations, a Head of Risk Control and a Head of Compliance.

The assessment of counterparties to justify their inclusion in the Amundi Intermediation shortlist involves several teams giving their opinion based on different criteria:

- counterparty risk: the Amundi Credit Risk team, under the governance of the Amundi Group Credit Risk Committee, is in charge of assessing each counterparty on the basis of precise criteria (shareholding, financial profile, governance etc.);
- quality of order execution: the operational teams charged with the execution of orders within the Amundi Group assess the execution quality based on a series of factors depending on the type of instruments and markets concerned (quality of trading information, prices obtained, quality of settlement);
- quality of post-execution processing.

The selection is based on the principle of selectivity of the best counterparties in the market and aims to select a limited number of financial institutions. Financial institutions of an OECD country with a minimum rating ranging from AAA to BBB- on Standard & Poor's rating scale or with a rating deemed equivalent by the Management Company are primarily selected when setting up the transaction.

Broker selection policy

At Broker Committee meetings, the Management Company also draws up a list of approved brokers based on recommendations from Amundi Intermediation. The Management Company may extend or adjust this list, as necessary, in accordance with pre-determined selection criteria.

The selected brokers will be monitored regularly in accordance with the Management Company's Performance Policy.

The assessment of brokers to justify their inclusion in the Amundi Intermediation shortlist involves several teams giving their opinion based on different criteria:

- the pool is limited to brokers offering delivery versus payment as a transaction settlement method or cleared/listed derivatives;
- quality of order execution: the operational teams in charge of order execution within the Amundi Group assess execution quality based on a series of elements depending on the type of instrument and the markets concerned (quality of trading information, prices obtained, settlement quality);
- quality of post-execution processing.

IV. COMMERCIAL INFORMATION

Unitholders are informed of any changes affecting the Fund in accordance with the procedures defined by the AMF, the French financial market regulator: by individual notification or by any other method (financial notice, interim report etc.).

Financial notices may be published in the press and/or on the website www.amundi.com in the News section.

The Fund's prospectus, latest annual and periodic documents, and the Fund's NAV are sent within one week upon written request from the investor to:

Amundi Asset Management – Amundi ETF – 91-93, Boulevard Pasteur – CS 21564 – 75730 PARIS Cedex 15, France

The Management Company provides investors with information on how the criteria for compliance with social, environmental and governance quality objectives are taken into account in its investment policy on its website at amundi.com and in the Fund's annual report.

The transparency policy is available on request from the Management Company and on its website amundiETF.com and information about the asset composition of the Fund is available on request from the Management Company and on its website amundiETF.com where it is published with a delay of at least three stock market days.

In addition, the Management Company may directly or indirectly send the breakdown of Fund assets to unitholders who are classified as professional investors by the ACPR, the AMF or equivalent European authorities, for the sole purpose of calculating regulatory requirements under the Solvency II Directive. If applicable, this information must be disclosed once more than 48 hours has passed since the publication of the net asset value.

Further details are available from the Management Company and at amundiETF.com.

Benchmark Price:

The Benchmark Price is published by the stock market operator during trading hours on each day the Fund's NAV can be calculated and published.

A Trading Day is a working day on which the Fund's NAV can be calculated and published.

The Benchmark Price is the Fund's theoretical market value at any given moment, and is used as a benchmark price by market-makers and intraday traders. It is calculated for each market in which the Fund's units are listed and traded.

The Benchmark Price is automatically and continuously updated throughout the days on which Fund units are traded.

In the event of closure of one or more stock exchanges on which the equities included in the Benchmark Index are listed, of one or more stock exchanges on which the bonds are listed, of the US market or several listings of bonds included in the Benchmark Index (e.g. for a public holiday as defined in the TARGET calendar), and where the Benchmark Price cannot therefore be calculated, trading in Fund units may be suspended.

On Euronext Paris, the Benchmark Price is published every 15 seconds throughout the Paris trading session (9:00 to 17:35). The Benchmark Price is published continuously on the Euronext Paris website ([euronext.com](https://www.euronext.com)) and by most financial information providers (Reuters, Bloomberg and others).

Reservation thresholds are set by applying a 2% variation on either side of the Benchmark Price for Fund units, as published by Euronext Paris SA. These are updated during each trading session on an estimate basis according to variations in the Benchmark Index.

Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 on sustainability-related disclosures in the financial services sector (the "Disclosures Regulation")

As a financial market participant, the Management Company of the Fund is governed by Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 of 27 November 2019 on sustainability-related disclosures in the financial services sector (the "Disclosures Regulation").

This Regulation lays down harmonised rules for financial market participants on transparency with regard to the integration of sustainability risks (Article 6 of the Regulation), the consideration of negative sustainability impacts, the promotion of environmental or social characteristics in the investment process (Article 8 of the Regulation) and sustainable investment objectives (Article 9 of the Regulation).

Sustainability risk is defined as an environmental, social or governance event or condition that, if it occurs, could cause an actual or a potential negative material impact on the value of the investment.

Sustainable investment means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental objective, as measured, for example, by key resource efficiency indicators on the use of energy, renewable energy, raw materials, water and land, on the production of waste, and greenhouse gas emissions, or on its impact on biodiversity and the circular economy; or an investment in an economic activity that contributes to a social objective, in particular an investment that contributes to tackling inequality or that fosters social cohesion, social integration and labour relations; or an investment in human capital or economically or socially disadvantaged communities, provided that such investments do not significantly harm any of those objectives and that the investee companies follow good governance practices, in particular with respect to sound management structures, employee relations, staff remuneration and tax compliance.

The objective of this Fund is to replicate, as closely as possible, the performance of an index whose methodology does not involve sustainability risks, whether the index rises or falls. The Fund's investment process therefore does not involve sustainability risks.

Regulation (EU) 2020/852 (the so-called "Taxonomy Regulation") on establishing a framework to support sustainable investment and amending the Disclosure Regulation.

Under the Taxonomy Regulation, environmentally sustainable investments are investments in one or several economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under this Regulation. For the purposes of establishing the degree to which an investment is environmentally sustainable, an economic activity shall qualify

as environmentally sustainable where it contributes substantially to one or more of the environmental objectives set out in the Taxonomy Regulation, does not significantly harm any of the environmental objectives set out in said Regulation, is carried out in compliance with the minimum safeguards laid out in this Regulation, and complies with the technical screening criteria that have been established by the European Commission under the Taxonomy Regulation.

V. INVESTMENT RULES

The Fund shall comply with the investment rules laid down by European Directive 2009/65/EC of 13 July 2009. The Fund will comply with the legal ratios decreed by the French Monetary and Financial Code – Regulatory Part.

The legal investment rules applicable to the Fund are those which govern UCITS, up to 10% of whose assets are invested in other UCIs, as well as those applicable to its AMF classification: "Eurozone country equities".

The main financial instruments and management techniques used by the Fund are listed in Chapter III.2 "Special Provisions" of the Prospectus. Amendments to the French Monetary and Financial Code will be taken into consideration by the Management Company in managing the Fund as soon as they are implemented.

THE FUND IS NOT SPONSORED, ENDORSED, SOLD OR PROMOTED BY MSCI INC. ("MSCI"), OR BY ANY OF ITS SUBSIDIARIES, OR BY ITS INFORMATION PROVIDERS, OR BY ANY OF THE ENTITIES INVOLVED IN THE ESTABLISHMENT, CALCULATION OR CREATION OF THE MSCI INDICES (JOINTLY REFERRED TO AS "THE MSCI PARTIES"). THE MSCI INDICES ARE THE EXCLUSIVE PROPERTY OF MSCI AND ARE SERVICE MARKS OF MSCI OR ITS AFFILIATES. THE MSCI INDICES HAVE BEEN LICENSED FOR USE FOR CERTAIN PURPOSES BY AMUNDI ASSET MANAGEMENT. NONE OF THE MSCI PARTIES MAKES ANY REPRESENTATION OR WARRANTY, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, TO THE ISSUER OR OWNERS OF THIS FUND OR ANY OTHER PERSON OR ENTITY REGARDING THE ADVISABILITY OF INVESTING IN FUNDS GENERALLY OR IN THIS PARTICULAR FUND OR THE ABILITY OF ANY MSCI INDEX TO TRACK CORRESPONDING STOCK MARKET PERFORMANCE. MSCI OR ITS AFFILIATES ARE THE LICENSORS OF CERTAIN TRADEMARKS, SERVICE MARKS AND TRADE NAMES AND OF THE MSCI INDICES WHICH ARE DETERMINED, COMPOSED AND CALCULATED BY MSCI WITHOUT REGARD TO AMUNDI ASSET MANAGEMENT, THIS FUND OR THE UNITHOLDERS OF THIS FUND OR TO ANY OTHER PERSON OR ENTITY. NONE OF THE MSCI PARTIES HAS ANY OBLIGATION TO TAKE THE NEEDS OF AMUNDI ASSET MANAGEMENT, THE UNITHOLDERS OF THIS FUND OR ANY OTHER PERSON OR ENTITY INTO CONSIDERATION IN DETERMINING, COMPOSING OR CALCULATING THE MSCI INDICES. THE MSCI PARTIES ARE NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR AND DO NOT DETERMINE THE LAUNCH DATE, PRICE, OR QUANTITY OF THE FUND UNITS, OR THE CHOICE OR APPLICATION OF THE FORMULA TO ESTABLISH THE NET ASSET VALUE OF THE FUND. FURTHERMORE, NONE OF THE MSCI PARTIES HAS ANY OBLIGATION OR LIABILITY TO THE ISSUER OF THIS FUND, UNITHOLDERS OF THIS FUND OR ANY OTHER PERSON OR ENTITY IN CONNECTION WITH THE ADMINISTRATION, MANAGEMENT OR MARKETING OF THIS FUND.

ALTHOUGH MSCI SHALL OBTAIN INFORMATION FOR INCLUSION IN OR FOR USE IN THE CALCULATION OF THE MSCI INDICES FROM SOURCES THAT MSCI CONSIDERS RELIABLE, NONE OF THE MSCI PARTIES WARRANTS OR GUARANTEES THE ORIGINALITY, ACCURACY AND/OR THE COMPLETENESS OF ANY MSCI INDEX OR ANY DATA INCLUDED THEREIN. NONE OF THE MSCI PARTIES MAKES ANY WARRANTY, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, AS TO THE RESULTS TO BE OBTAINED BY THE ISSUER OF THE FUND, ITS UNITHOLDERS, OR ANY OTHER PERSON OR ENTITY, FROM THE USE OF ANY MSCI INDEX OR ANY DATA INCLUDED THEREIN. NONE OF THE MSCI PARTIES SHALL HAVE ANY LIABILITY FOR ANY ERRORS, OMISSIONS OR INTERRUPTIONS OF OR IN CONNECTION WITH ANY MSCI INDEX OR ANY DATA INCLUDED THEREIN. FURTHERMORE, NONE OF THE MSCI PARTIES MAKES ANY EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF ANY KIND, AND THE MSCI PARTIES HEREBY EXPRESSLY DISCLAIM ALL WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, WITH RESPECT TO EACH MSCI INDEX AND ANY DATA INCLUDED THEREIN. WITHOUT LIMITING ANY OF THE FOREGOING, IN NO EVENT SHALL ANY OF THE MSCI PARTIES HAVE ANY LIABILITY FOR ANY DIRECT, INDIRECT OR OTHER DAMAGES (INCLUDING LOST PROFITS) EVEN IF NOTIFIED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGES.

VI. OVERALL RISK

Commitment calculation method.

VII. ASSET VALUATION AND ACCOUNTING RULES

Principle

General accounting conventions are applied in compliance with the following principles:

- "going concern" basis;
- consistency of accounting methods from year to year;
- periodicity.

The standard method for recognising assets in the accounts is the historic cost method, except for portfolio valuation.

Asset valuation rules

The net asset value of the units is calculated taking into account the following valuation rules:

- Marketable securities traded on a regulated French or foreign market are valued at market price. Market price valuation is carried out under arrangements specified by the Management Company. Securities contributed to or held by the Fund are valued at their latest market price.
- Differences between the market prices used to calculate the NAV and the historic cost of the securities in the portfolio are recognised in an account "Estimation Differences".

However:

- Any marketable securities, the price of which is not found on the valuation date or the price of which has been adjusted are valued at their probable trading value under the responsibility of the Management Company. The Independent Auditor is informed of these valuations and their justification when conducting audits.
- Negotiable debt instruments and similar securities not traded on a significant scale are valued using an actuarial method; the rate used is the rate of equivalent securities issues adjusted, when necessary, by a difference that is representative of the intrinsic features of the security issuer. However, negotiable debt instruments with a residual maturity of three months or less will be valued according to the linear method, unless they are particularly volatile. The procedures for using these rules are set by the Management Company. In accordance with the instructions of the AMF, negotiable debt instruments (other than Treasury Notes) are valued as indicated below:
 - o securities with 3 months or less (short-term): valued at cost price, with any spread of the discount or listing, on the remaining life;
 - o securities with over 3 months and 1 year or less: valued at the Euribor rate published in the Official List, plus or minus a margin, according to the issuer's signature;
 - o securities with over 1 year: valued at the equivalent BTAN rate, plus or minus a margin, according to the issuer's signature.
- Treasury notes are valued at the market rate, provided daily by Banque de France.
- UCITS units or shares are valued at the last known net asset value.
-
- Securities that are not traded on a regulated market are valued at their probable trading value under the responsibility of the Management Company. Their valuation is based on their assets and yield, taking into account the prices used in recent major transactions.
- Transferable securities covered by temporary sale or purchase contracts are valued in accordance with the legislation in force, and the methods used are determined by the Management Company.

Securities received under repurchase agreements are recorded in the buy portfolio in the section entitled "Debt representing securities received as part of repurchase agreements" at the amount stated in the contracts, plus any interest receivable. However, if their maturity exceeds 3 months, these securities are valued at the current value of the contract (market value).

Securities lent under repurchase agreements are posted in long portfolios at their stock market price. Interest receivable and payable for repurchase transactions is calculated pro rata. Liabilities representing

securities lent under repurchase agreements are posted in short portfolios at the value set forth in the agreement, plus any accrued interest due. On settlement, the interest received and paid is shown as debt revenues. However, if their maturity exceeds 3 months, these securities are valued at the current value of the contract (market value).

Loaned securities are valued at market price. The consideration received for the loan is recorded as debt revenues. Accrued interest is included in the stock market value of the securities lent.

Futures and options traded on French or foreign organised markets are valued at the market price employing the methods determined by the Management Company. Contracts on forward markets are valued at the settlement price.

Valuation of collateral:

Collateral is valued daily at market price (mark-to-market method). The discounts that may be applied to the collateral received will take into account the credit quality, the price volatility of the securities and the results of the stress tests performed. Margin calls are made daily, unless otherwise stipulated in the framework contract covering these transactions or if the Management Company and the counterparty have agreed to apply a trigger threshold.

- Futures or options or swap transactions on over-the-counter markets, as authorised under the laws and regulations governing UCITS, are valued at their market value or at a value estimated using methods determined by the Management Company. Interest rate and/or currency swap contracts are valued at their market value based on the price calculated by discounting future cash flows (principal and interest), at the market interest rates and/or currency rates. This price is adjusted for credit risk.

Recognition method

Securities entering and leaving the portfolio are recognised excluding costs.

Revenues are recognised when received.

Revenues consist of:

- income from transferable securities;
- dividends and interest received on foreign securities, at the foreign currency rate;
- cash proceeds in foreign currency, loan income, and revenue from lending of securities and other investments.

The following deductions are made from these revenues:

- management fees;
- financial expenses and charges on the lending and borrowing of securities and other investments.

Off-balance sheet commitments:

Futures contracts are entered at their market value as off-balance sheet commitments at the settlement price. Options are converted into their underlying equivalent. OTC interest rate swaps are valued on the basis of the nominal value, plus or minus the corresponding estimation difference.

Income equalisation account

Income equalisation accounts ensure fair allocation of income among unitholders, regardless of the subscription or redemption date.

VIII. REMUNERATION

The Management Company has adopted the remuneration policy of the Amundi Group, to which it belongs.

The Amundi Group has implemented a remuneration policy adapted to its organisation and its activities. This policy is designed to regulate practices regarding the different remunerations of employees authorised to make decisions, exercise control functions or take risks within the Group.

This remuneration policy has been defined with regard to the Group's economic strategy, objectives, securities and interests, to the management companies which are part of the Group, to the UCITS managed by the

Group's companies and their unitholders. The objective of this policy is to discourage excessive risk-taking by specifically running contrary to the risk profile of the UCITS managed.

Furthermore, the Management Company has implemented suitable measures in order to prevent conflicts of interest.

The remuneration policy is adopted and overseen by the Board of Directors of Amundi, the parent company of the Amundi Group.

The remuneration policy is available on the [amundi.com](https://www.amundi.com) website or free of charge upon written request from the Management Company.

Prospectus updated on: 11 September 2025
